THEMIAMITIMES

Miami-Dade's oldest Black-owned newspaper, founded by **Henry Ethelbert Reeves.**

COLUMN ACCATE OF SO HOLD AT HEAD



Landlords Still Fight Public Housing; Claim "Cheats"

for Hardwaters Smitz High Peon Queen is demore Kynie Frank Queen Statemen of 2231 NAV 48th Terrace. The winner will 1725 NAV 48th Terrace the year of 1821 NAV 48th Terrace the winner will 1725 NAV 48th Terrace the press feativistes. Friday night at Boyfront Park (See Page 16)

300 Sign Up For Neighborhood Corps



Gets 2 Years For **Roulette Killing**

Judge Refuses to Shift St. Augustine Murder Trial



M. Athalie Range was the first African-American to serve on the Miami, Florida City Commission, and the first African-American since Reconstruction and the first woman to head a Florida state agency, the Department of Community Affairs.

For more Black History Month events in Miami-Dade County, scan here:



VIRGINIAKEY VILLAGEBEACHPARK



Miami's only recreational beach designated for Black residents during segregation from August 1, 1945 until the end of segregation in the 1960s following the passage of the Civil Rights Act of 1964.



LITTLEHAIT



Little Haiti is a vibrant cultural hub in Miami that became a refuge for Haitian migrants in the 1970s.

CELEBRATING THE PAST AND PRESENT The earliest record of Black residents in Miami-Dade County dates back to the early 1800s; long before the city of Miami was incorporated in 1896. Their contributions to agriculture, construction, and culture were instrumental in shaping the community we know today.

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION AND PUBLIC WORKS











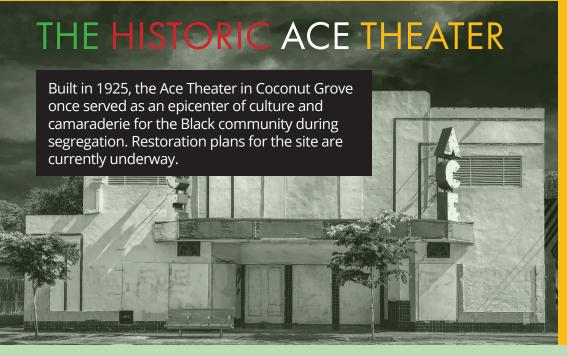


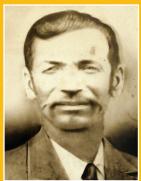












Ebenezer Woodbury Franklin (E.W.F.) Stirrup,
emigrated from the Bahamas
and became one of the most
successful Black businessmen
in Miami, building more than a
hundred homes for Bahamian
settlers in Coconut Grove.

MARIAH BROWN AND HER HISTORIC HOME



These two women pictured to the left were among the pioneering Bahamians who emigrated to Coconut Grove to work at the renowned *Peacock Inn*. **Mariah Brown**, one of them, became one of Coconut Grove's first Black homeowners.



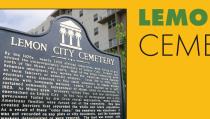


HISTORIC COCONUT GROVE CEMETERY



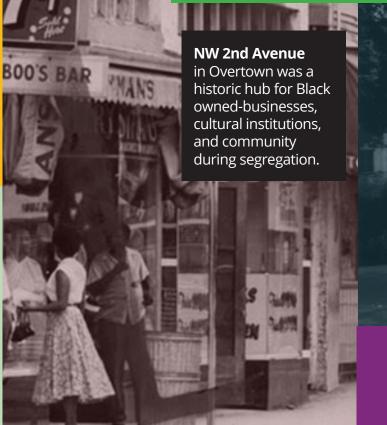
Charlotte Jane Memorial Park Cemetery

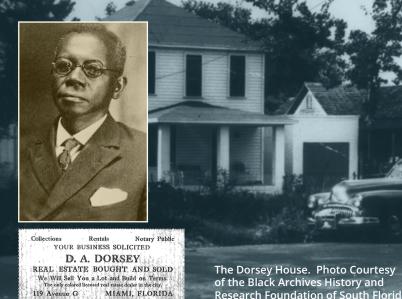
A historic burial ground established in the early 1900's by Bahamian immigrants.



The heartbreaking discovery of hundreds of unmarked graves at the Lemon City Cemetery, unearthed during the construction of an apartment building, unveiled a long-forgotten burial ground for Miami's early Black residents, shedding light on a neglected chapter of the city's history.







Miami's first Black Millionaire, **D.A. Dorsey**, was a real estate mogul, visionary, and philanthropist. In 1918, Dorsey purchased Fisher Island, but was later forced to sell and abandon his plans.